

PIOX® S

Mass flow measurement without media contact

Flow rate - Concentration - Density

Acids

Caustics

Salts

Solvents

Inorganic media





PIOX® S - Measurement from the safe side

PIOX® S determines mass flow rate, concentration, density and other parameters by means of clamp-on ultrasonic transducers mounted on the outside of the pipe. The non-invasive acoustic technology is the system of choice when substances and processes place highest demands on safety and reliability.

Precise and reliable

- → Permanently stable measurement without any drift
- → Accurate measurements at the lowest and highest flow velocities
- → Independent of entrained solids or gas
- → Continuous monitoring of measurement quality

Safe and available

- → Mounting of the measurement system outside of the pipe, no need for pipe modifications
- → Maintenance-free measurement system
- → No leakage risk

Durable and long term stability

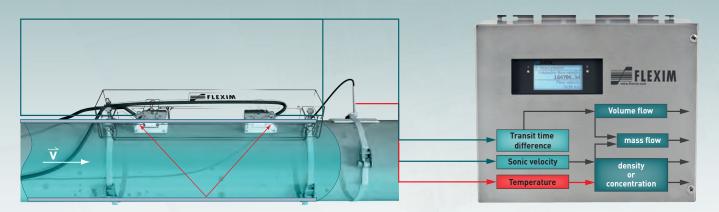
- → No media contact, therefore no risk of corrosion
- → No moving parts, no vibrations, no material fatigue
- → No pressure limitations
- → For harsh industrial environments

Cost-effective and economical

- → No plant shutdown for commissioning
- → No special materials or bypass solutions required
- → No early failure of measuring system
- → Simultaneous determination of mass flow as well as concentration and density

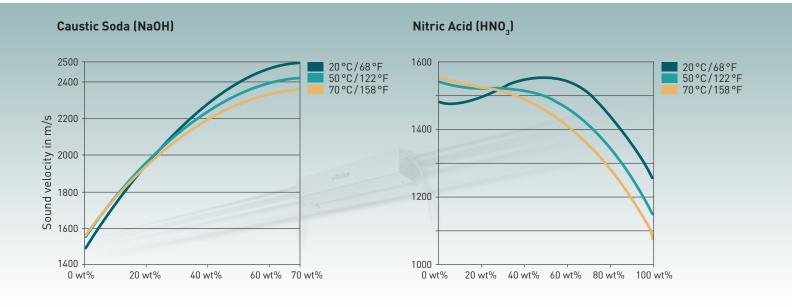
Indestructible as a matter of principle

PIOX® S measures the acoustic velocity, thereby determining the density and concentration of the medium inside the pipe. By simultaneously recording the volume flow rate, PIOX® S automatically calculates the mass flow rate.





In a large number of binary media systems, the acoustic velocity is in a fixed proportion to concentration and density. PIOX® S includes an extensive database of substances, thereby allowing for accurate and reliable density, concentration and mass flow determination in real time for a variety of acids, caustics and other chemical media.





PIOX® S stands its ground where others fail

Concentration and mass flow measurement of sodium hydroxide

Chlor-alkali electrolysis is one of the central processes of the chemical industry. It provides the basic substances chlorine, sodium hydroxide and hydrogen.

At a major German chemical site, sodium hydroxide produced during chlor-alkali electrolysis is evaporated in a multi-stage distillation process. The Coriolis meter that was installed for concentration measurement was subject to enormous wear by the corrosive medium and did not achieve a satisfactory service life. Replacing the inline instrument is extremely time-consuming and requires a shutdown lasting several days for the shut-off and emptying of the pipeline.

Non-invasive measurement with PIOX® S proved to be the better solution. PIOX® S remains stable over the long term and without any measurement drift as proven by regular control measurements in the laboratory. Continuous accurate concentration measurement allows the system to run optimally at all times and ensures compliance with the specified quality. The PIOX® S simultaneously measures the mass flow.

Advantages:

- → No wear and corrosion on the measurement system
- Highly durable and long term stable measurement without any measurement drift and maintenance-free
- → No need for expensive special materials or bypass solutions

Concentration and mass flow measurement of nitric acid

One of Europe's largest fertiliser manufacturers uses PIOX® S in its nitric acid bottling plants. The nitric acid is traded in two different concentrations: 68 % and 60 %. If the lower concentration is required, the 68% nitric acid must be diluted by adding water. Compliance with the required concentration must be monitored by means of measuring technology.

The ideal solution for this measuring task is PIOX® S: Since the clamp-on ultrasonic transducers are simply mounted on the outside of the pipe, there is no direct contact with the aggressive medium. Thus there is no risk of corrosion or acid leakage, as it was in the case with previously installed Coriolis meters. Replacing an inline meter often requires an expensive process shut-down for emptying and cleaning of the pipe. Furthermore, simultaneous measurement of volume flow and density allows for the output of mass flow and thus the complete monitoring of the filling process.

Advantages:

- → No risk of corrosion or leakage
- → Simultaneous measurement of concentration and mass flow
- → Non-invasive measurement, no process shut-downs necessary





PIOX® S – mass flow, density and concentration measurement without media contact

PIOX® S includes an extensive and continuously growing database for the non-invasive determination of mass flow and concentration of liquid media:

Medium name	Medium formula	Typical sound speed values	Medium name	Medium formula	Typical sound speed values
Acetic acid	C ₂ H ₄ O ₂	1169 m/s	Hydrochloric acid	HCl	1521 m/s
Aceton	C ₃ H ₆ O	1182 m/s	Hydrofluoric acid	HF	1051 m/s
Ammonia	NH ₃	1794 m/s	Hydrogen peroxide	H ₂ O ₂	1483 m/s
Ammonium nitrate	NH ₄ NO ₃	2173 m/s	Isopropyl alcohol	C ₃ H ₈ O	1157 m/s
Ammonium sulfate	(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄	1727 m/s	Lithium bromide	LiBr	1620 m/s
Calcium chloride	CaCl ₂	1703 m/s	MDEA	CH ₃ N- (CH ₂ CH ₂ OH) ₂	1628 m/s
Caprolactam	C ₆ H ₁₁ NO	1598 m/s	Methanol	CH ₃ OH	1127 m/s
Caustic potash	КОН	1948 m/s	Nitric acid	HNO ₃	1501 m/s
Caustic soda	NaOH	2375 m/s	NMP	C ₅ H ₉ NO	1560 m/s
Diethylene glycol	C ₄ H ₁₀ O ₃	1578 m/s	Oleum	SO ₃	1267 m/s
DMAC	C ₄ H ₉ NO	1474 m/s	Phosphoric acid	H ₃ PO ₄	1646 m/s
DMF	C ₃ H ₇ NO	1476 m/s	Potassium chloride	KCl	1517 m/s
Ethanol	C ₂ H ₅ OH	1145 m/s	Propylene glycol	C ₃ H ₈ O ₃	1515 m/s
Ethylene glycol	C ₂ H ₆ O ₂	1668 m/s	Sodium carbonate	Na ₂ CO ₃	1561 m/s
Ferric chloride	FeCl ₃	1712 m/s	Sodium chloride	NaCl	1767 m/s
Ferric sulfate	Fe ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	1472 m/s	Sodium hypochlorite	NaClO	1807 m/s
Ferrous chloride	FeCl ₂	1497 m/s	Sodium sulfate	Na ₂ SO ₄	1537 m/s
Ferrous sulfate	FeSO ₄	1496 m/s	Sodium sulfide	Na ₂ S	1591 m/s
Formalin	CH ₂ O	1608 m/s	Sulfuric acid	H ₂ SO ₄	1308 m/s
Formic acid	CH ₂ O ₂	1286 m/s	Triethylene glycol	C ₆ H1 ₄ O ₄	1612 m/s
Glycerol	C ₃ H ₈ O ₃	1927 m/s	Urea	CH ₄ N ₂ O	1625 m/s

The media listed here are available as standard data sets for PIOX® S. Alternative media sets can be analysed for proposal upon customer request.

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PIOX® S 721 Aluminium





Technical Data

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	S 721	S 831		
Measurement principle	Transit time difference principle			
Measurement functions Physical quantities Totalizers Diagnostic functions	Volumetric flow rate, mass flow rate, flow velocity, sound speed, density Volume, mass fraction Signal amplitude, SNR, SCNR, standard deviation of amplitude and transit times			
Measuring Ranges Flow velocity Sound speed Pipe diameter Pipe surface temperature Ambient temperature	0.01 25 m/s 500 3000 m/s 10 6500 mm -40 +200 °C (+600 °C with WaveInjector®) -40 +60 °C			
Uncertainty ¹ Mass flow rate Volumetric flow rate Sound speed / density / mass fraction	± 1.2 % of reading (as function of volumetric flow rate and density) ± 1 % of reading Defined by field calibration			
Repeatability ¹ Flow velocity Mass flow rate Volume flow rate Sound speed Density Mass fraction	± 0.005 m/s ± 0.25 % of reading (as function of volumetric flow rate and density) ± 0.15 % of reading ± 0.5 m/s ± 1 kg/m³ ± 0.1 wt%			
Transmitter Number of measuring channels	1 or 2			
Explosion protection	ATEX/IECEx Zone 2 or FM Class I Div 2	ATEX/IECEx Zone 1 FM Class I Div 1		
Power supply Outputs	100 230 V AC / 50 60 Hz 20 32 V DC 4 20 mA active 4 20 mA HART active/passive pulse, frequency, binary			
Process inputs	Maximum 4, available are: temperature (Pt 100/1000), current, voltage, binary or temperature, density	Pt100/Pt1000 (Ex-ia), 4 20 mA active current input		
Digital communication	Modbus RTU, HART, Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus			
Housing material	Aluminum or stainless steel 316L	Aluminum		
Transducers Explosion protection Temperature range (pipe wall)	ATEX/IECEx Zone 1/2 FM Class I Div 1 or 2 -40 +240 °C / WI: -200 +600 °C			

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Values are approximations for typical applications under reference conditions. Contact us for detailed values for your specific application.



Berlin

Phone: +49 30 93 66 76 60

info@flexim.de

FLEXIM Austria GmbH

Olbendorf

Phone: +43 33 26 529 81 office@flexim.at

FLEXIM Instruments Benelux B.V.

Berkel en Rodenrijs Phone: +31 10 24 92 333 benelux@flexim.com

FLEXIM France SAS

Limonest

Phone: +33 4 27 46 52 10 info@flexim.fr

FLEXIM Instruments UK Ltd.

Northwich

Phone: +44 1606 781 420 sales@flexim.co.uk

FLEXIM Middle East

Dubai South

Phone: +971 4430 5114 salesme@flexim.com

FLEXIM India

Rohini New Delhi Phone: +91 98114 49285 salesindia@flexim.com

FLEXIM Instruments Asia Pte Ltd.

Singapur

Phone: +65 67 94 53 25 salessg@flexim.com

FLEXIM Instruments China

Beijing Shi

Phone: +86 21 64 95 75 20 shanghai@flexim.com

FLEXIM S.A, Chile

Las Condes

Phone: +56 22 32 03 62 80 info@flexim.cl

FLEXIM AMERICAS Corporation, USA

Edgewood, NY

Phone: +1 63 14 92 23 00 salesus@flexim.com



www.flexim.com